Writing Standard Form of a Linear Equation

Convert each equation from slope-intercept form to standard form

1
$$y = -2x + 1$$

2
$$y = -3x + 2$$

$$3 \quad y = \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{3}{4}$$

4
$$y = \frac{2}{7}x + \frac{1}{7}$$

$$5 y = -6x - 2$$

6
$$y = -\frac{1}{6}x - \frac{5}{6}$$

Using slope and y-intercept, write the equations in standard form

$$\square$$
 Slope = -8, y-intercept = 5

Slope =
$$\frac{5}{2}$$
, y-intercept = 1

Slope =
$$\frac{7}{2}$$
, y-intercept = 3

Slope =
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
, y-intercept = 1

Writing Standard Form of a Linear Equation

Answers

1
$$y = -2x + 1$$

$$2x + y = 1$$

$$3 \quad y = \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$2x - 8y = -6$$

$$5 y = -6x - 2$$

$$6x + y = -2$$

$$3 \quad y = \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{3}{4}$$

1 Slope =
$$-8$$
, y -intercept = 5

$$8x + y = 5$$

Slope =
$$\frac{7}{2}$$
, y-intercept = 3

$$-7x + 2y = 6$$

2
$$y = -3x + 2$$

$$3x + y = 2$$

$$4 \quad y = \frac{2}{7}x + \frac{1}{7}$$

$$2x - 7y = -1$$

$$6 \quad y = -\frac{1}{6}x - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$x + 6y = -5$$

Slope =
$$\frac{5}{2}$$
, y-intercept = 1

$$-5x + 2y = 2$$

Slope =
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
, y-intercept = 1

$$-3x + 5y = 5$$